## User's Guide

# Passive Component Test Application

(For the Agilent 86140-series Optical Spectrum Analyzer)



Agilent Technologies

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| The ON symbols are used to mark the positions of the instrument power line switch.

**O** The OFF symbols are used to mark the positions of the instrument power line switch.



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## 1

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Using the Application

## About the Application

The passive component test application simplifies the complex characterization and testing of passive components. The application includes guided setups to prompt you through the measurement procedure. When the setup is complete the application performs an automatic pass/fail check against your custom specifications.

The application can easily be customized for your particular devices by modifying the specification files using either a text editor or a Microsoft®<sup>1</sup> Excel spreadsheet template wizard. The template wizard can be downloaded from the web. For more information, refer to "Excel Template Wizard for the PCT Application" on page 2-3.

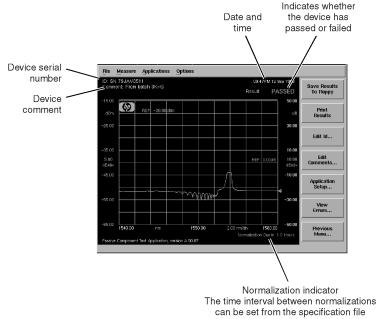
To perform a measurement, you must run a specification file. Specification files configure the settings of the instrument, describe measurements, and direct the printing or saving of the measurement results. Specification files can be stored and loaded from the internal memory of the optical spectrum analyzer, or imported from a disk.

Because specification sets are stored in the internal memory of the optical spectrum analyzer, you can easily switch between tests. Refer to Chapter 2, "Designing Specification Sets" to learn how to design your own specification files.

It is easy to learn how to design and write specification files. Anyone with a basic understanding of how to operate the optical spectrum analyzer can learn how to design specification sets in approximately one hour. This is a small investment considering the time you'll save testing your devices.

Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-2 on page 1-3 show the measurement screen and the table of results displayed after a measurement has been taken.

<sup>1.</sup>  ${\it Microsoft} \ensuremath{\mathbb{B}}$  is a U.S. registered trademark of Microsoft Corp.





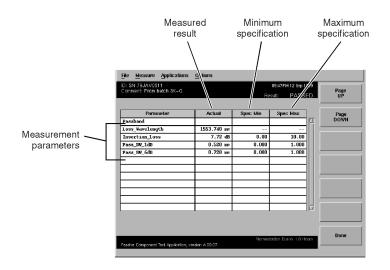
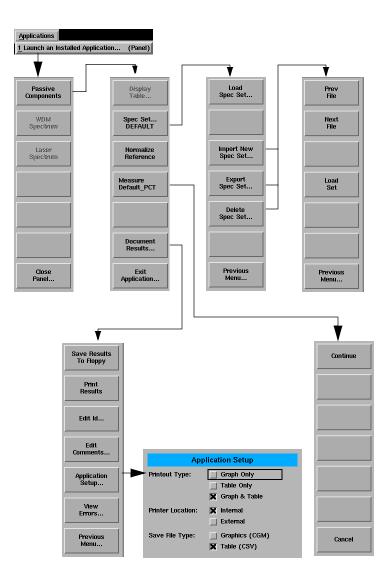


Figure 1-2. A table of results.

## The Passive Component Test Menus



The application softkeys are accessed using the front-panel  $\mathsf{App}\mathsf{I's}$  key or the Applications menu, Launch an Installed Application selection on the menu bar.

Function	See				
Passive Components Test application	"To start the Passive Components Test application" on page 1-7				
Display Table	"To display a table of the results" on page 1-14				
Spec Set <spec set=""></spec>	"To select a specification set" on page 1-8				
Load Spec Set	"To load an existing specification set" on page 1-9				
Import Spec Set	"To import a specification set" on page 1-8				
Export Spec Set	"To export a specification set" on page 1-11				
Delete Spec Set	"To delete a specification set" on page 1-11				
Normalize Reference	"To run the source normalization routines" on page 1-12				
Measure <path_name></path_name>	"To measure the device-under-test" on page 1-13				
Document Results					
Save Results to Floppy	"To save the results to floppy" on page 1-14				
Print Results	"To print the results" on page 1-14				
Edit Id	"To edit the id of the device-under- test" on page 1-15				
Edit Comments	"To edit the comments for the device- under-test" on page 1-16				
Application Setup	"To change the default application settings" on page 1-17				

## **Performing Measurements**

This chapter explains how to load and use the Passive Components Test application.

Measurements are performed using either the instrument's internal broadband EELED or white-light source, or an external broadband source. You can test passive devices having any number of light paths, such as filters and couplers and WDM multiplexers.

To use the Passive Components Test application you must:

- **1** Start the application, see "To start the Passive Components Test application" on page 1-7.
- **2** Load a specification set from internal memory, see "To load an existing specification set" on page 1-9, or import a specification set from a floppy disk, see "To import a specification set" on page 1-8.
- **3** Perform a normalization if required, see "To run the source normalization routines" on page 1-12. The application automatically detects whether normalization is required.
- **4** Measure the device-under-test, see "To measure the device-under-test" on page 1-13.

You can then:

- Save the results, see "To save the results to floppy" on page 1-14.
- Print the results, see "To print the results" on page 1-14.
- View the results in a table, see "To display a table of the results" on page 1-14.

#### To start the Passive Components Test application

- 1 Press the front-panel Appl's key or the Applications menu Launch an Installed Application selection.
- **2** The following screen is displayed.

File	Measure Applications	Options		
				Passive Components
10 d -10 -30	Passive Component	nstalled Applications	Laspr Specbrum	WDM Spectrum Laser Spectrum
10, dB, -50	Characterize passive optical components	Churachrize a WDM Spectrum	Sportra of Light Sources	
-70				Close
RBV VBV		.31 dBm 358 ms <mark>Avg:</mark> Off	In Vac	Panel

Figure 1-3. Applications Panel and Menu

The panel and the menu change whenever an application is installed or uninstalled. Each installed application has an icon on the panel and a corresponding softkey.

3 Press the *Passive Components* softkey. The loading of the application is indicated by the on-screen message, "Loading Passive Component Application, Please Wait...". When the application is loaded, the name of the selected set appears on the *Spec Set*... softkey. The application is now ready for use.

The following functions assume the application is loaded.

#### To select a specification set

1 Press the Spec Set.... <spec set> softkey.

You can now load an existing specification set, import a new specification set from a floppy disk, or delete an existing specification set from the internal memory of the OSA. If no specification sets are available, the default specification set is loaded.

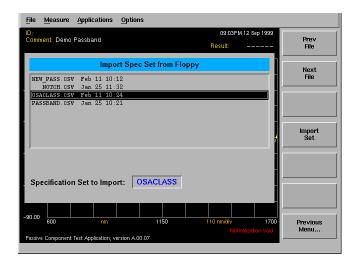
#### To import a specification set

**1** Insert the floppy disk containing the specification set into the internal floppy disk drive of the OSA.

#### Note

Specification set file names must conform to the MS-DOS 8.3 file name convention, a maximum of 8 characters.

- 2 Press the Spec Set.... <spec set> softkey.
- **3** Press the Import Spec Set.... softkey.

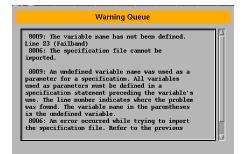


A list of the externally stored specification sets is displayed.

- 4 Use the navigation keys to select the desired specification set.
- **5** Press the *Import Set* softkey.

The selected specification set is imported into the internal memory of the OSA. When a specification set is imported it is checked for errors and "compiled" before being copied into internal storage.

If errors are detected in the specification set being imported, the *Show Warnings*.... softkey appears. Press the *Show Warnings*.... softkey, then the *Prev* and *Next* softkeys to display a detailed description of the error.



If no errors are detected, the file is automatically copied to internal memory, loaded, and the application returns to the previous menu.

#### To load an existing specification set

- 1 Press the Spec Set.... <spec set> softkey.
- 2 Press the Load Spec Set.... softkey.

#### Using the Application Performing Measurements

File Measure Applications Options		
ID: SN 79JAV0511 Comment: From batch 3K-G	09:34PM 12 Sep 1999	Prev
	Result:	File
Load Spec Set		Next
NEW PASS.PCT Sep 12 20:39 "Demonstration Spec		File
OSACLASS.PCT Sep 12 21:21 "Demonstration Spec PASSBAND.PCT Aug 28 21:48 "PassBand"		
		Load Set
	1	ļ
Specification Set to Load: NEW PASS		
Specification Set to Load: NEW_PASS		
-30.00 nm 1150	110 nm/div 1700	Previous
	Normalization Void	Menu
Passive Component Test Application, version A.00.07		

A list of the internally stored specification sets is displayed. A specification set must be imported from a floppy disk into the internal memory of the OSA before it can be loaded. For information on importing specification sets, see "To import a specification set" on page 1-8.

If no specification sets have been previously imported, the Load Spec Set list will contain the Default specification set.

- **3** Use the navigation keys to select the desired specification set.
- **4** Press the *Load Set* softkey.

The currently selected specification set is loaded and you are returned to the previous softkey menu. While the specification set is being loaded, the message "Loading Spec Set <spec set name>, Please Wait..." is displayed.

#### To export a specification set

- 1 Press the Spec Set.... < spec set> softkey.
- **2** Press the *Export Spec Set...* softkey. A list of the internally stored specification sets is displayed.
- **3** Use the navigation keys to select the desired specification set and then press the *Export Set* softkey. The CSV specification set file from internal memory is output to the floppy disk.

#### To delete a specification set

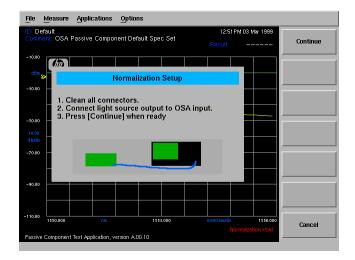
- 1 Press the Spec Set.... <spec set> softkey.
- **2** Press the *Delete Spec Set...* softkey. A list of the internally stored specification sets is displayed.
- 3 Use the navigation keys to select the specification set to be deleted and then press the *Delete Spec Set* softkey. The currently selected specification set is deleted from internal memory. The message, "Deleting Spec Set <spec set name>, Please Wait..." is displayed while the set is deleted. After the file is deleted, the application returns to the previous menu.

#### To run the source normalization routines

#### Note

The application will automatically detect if a normalization is required and will run the routine before the next measurement is made. The time interval between normalizations is specified in the specification set.

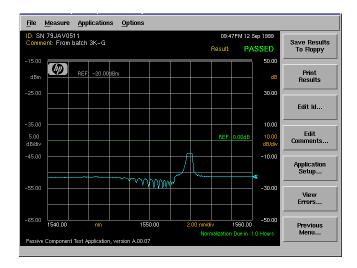
- **1** Load the desired specification set. See "To select a specification set" on page 1-8.
- 2 Press the Normalize Reference softkey.



**3** Follow the on-screen instructions to perform the source normalization. After the source normalization is successfully completed you are returned to the previous menu and the device-under-test can be measured. See "To measure the device-under-test" on page 1-13.

#### To measure the device-under-test

- **1** Load the desired specification set. See "To select a specification set" on page 1-8.
- 2 Press the *Measure <spec set>* softkey. The application will detect and automatically run the normalization routine if required. See "To run the source normalization routines" on page 1-12.
- **3** The measurement will automatically continue when the normalization routine is completed.



The results can now be viewed as a waveform, as shown in the figure, or in a table, see "To display a table of the results" on page 1-14. The data can also be saved, see "To save the results to floppy" on page 1-14, and printed, see "To print the results" on page 1-14.

#### To save the results to floppy

The results can be saved automatically by using the STORE, AUTO keyword in the specification set, see "STORE, AUTO" on page 3-15.

To save the results manually after completing a measurement, press the *Document Results* softkey. Then press the *Save Results to Floppy* softkey. The results of the test are saved to the floppy disk. The data can be saved as either graphical data in CGM format or as tabular data in CSV. For information on selecting the type of data to be saved, see "To change the default application settings" on page 1-17.

#### To print the results

The results can be printed automatically by using the PRINT keyword in the specification set, see "PRINT" on page 3-12.

To print the results manually after completing a measurement, press the *Document Results* softkey. Then press the *Print Results* softkey. The results can be printed out as a graph, a table, or as both on either the internal printer or on an external printer. See "To change the default application settings" on page 1-17 for information on making these selections.

#### To display a table of the results

File Measure Applications	Options			
ID: SN 79JAV0511 09:47PM 12 Sep 1999 Comment: From batch 3K-G Page				
Comment: 110m batch are-d	Re	Result: PASSED		
Parameter	Actual	Spec Min	Spec Max	Page
Passband				DOŴN
Loss_Wavelength	1553.740 nm			
Insertion_Loss	7.72 dB	0.00	10.00	
Pass_BW_1dB	0.520 nm	0.000	1.000	
Pass_BW_6dB	0.728 nm	0.000	1.000	
		Normalia	ation Due in 1.0 Ho	Done
Passive Component Test Application, ver	sion A.00.07			

After a measurement has been completed, press the Display Table.... softkey.

#### To edit the id of the device-under-test

#### Note

Based on the specification set selected, you are usually prompted for the Device ID and Comments at the beginning of the measurement. However, if you were not prompted, or you wish to edit the Device ID or Comment fields, the following procedure can be used.

- 1 After completing a measurement, press the *Document Results*.... softkey.
- 2 Press the Edit Id.... softkey.

#### To enter the id using the arrow keys

- **1** Use the front-panel step keys ( $\uparrow$  and  $\downarrow$ ) and the arrow softkeys ( $\rightarrow$  and  $\leftarrow$ ) to highlight each letter of the id string.
- 2 When the desired letter or function is selected, press the *Select* softkey.
- 3 Select the BackSpace softkey to delete individual letters.
- **4** When you finish entering the string, press the *Continue* softkey.

#### To enter the id using a trackball or mouse

- $1\$  Use the pointing device to place the cursor on a letter of the filename. Click on the character to select it.
- 2 Click the *BackSpace* softkey to delete individual letters.
- **3** When you finish entering the string, click the *Continue* softkey. The new device id is displayed on-screen in the ID field.

#### Note

The new Device ID is saved *only for the current session*. Each time a new device is measured, the comment and ID strings are reset to the values specified in the specification set.

#### To edit the comments for the device-under-test

#### Note

Based on the specification set selected, you are usually prompted for the Device ID and Comments at the beginning of the measurement. However, if you were not prompted, or you wish to edit the Device ID or Comment fields, the following procedure can be used.

- 1 After completing a measurement, press the *Document Results*.... softkey.
- 2 Press the *Edit Comments*.... softkey.
- **3** Use the navigation keys to enter your comments. See "To enter the id using the arrow keys" on page 1-15 and "To enter the id using a trackball or mouse" on page 1-15 for information on entering the comment string.
- **4** When you finish entering the string, click the *Continue* softkey. The new comment is displayed on-screen in the Comment field.

#### Note

The new comment is saved *only for the current session*. Each time a new device is measured, the comment and ID strings are reset to the values specified in the specification set.

#### To change the default application settings

- **1** After completing a measurement, press the *Document Results*.... softkey.
- **2** Press the Application Setup.... softkey.
- **3** Refer to "To Fill In a Setup Panel" on page 1-19 for information on changing and selecting items in the setup panel.

Application Setup			
Printout Type:	Graph Only		
	Table Only		
	🗶 Graph & Table		
Printer Location:	🗙 Internal		
	External		
Save File Type:	Graphics (CGM)		
	🗙 Table (CSV)		

# Setup panel<br/>selectionsPrintout TypeThe results can be printed out as a graph, a table, or as both.

#### **Printer Location**

Selects either the internal printer or an external printer as the print destination.

#### Save File Type

The data can be saved as either graphical data in CGM format or as tabular data in CSV.

Using the Application **Setup Panels** 

## Setup Panels

Any of the instrument settings can be changed by using either the front-panel keys or the menu bar selections. Many of the menu selections and front-panel keys display a softkey panel. Settings in softkey panels are changed using the softkeys, data-entry keys, mouse, and trackball.

## To Fill In a Setup Panel

Setup panels allow you to adjust setup conditions which are not frequently changed.

#### Using the softkeys The arrow softkeys



Allows the user to navigate from field to field in the dialog box. The highlighted parameter can be changed.

#### The Select softkey

Selects or deselects the highlighted parameter.

#### The Defaults softkey

Resets the parameters to their default condition.

#### Close Panel.... softkey

Saves the current setup and returns the user to the previous menu.

## The front-panel number keys, step keys, and knob

Allows the user to enter a numeric value in the highlighted field.

## To use the navigation softkeys

- 1 Use the arrow softkeys to highlight the settings on the setup panel.
- $2\;$  Use the Select softkey to toggle the selection boxes on and off.
- **3** Enter values in the numeric fields using the front-panel knob or numeric entry pad.
- **4** To return the setup values to the instrument's preset settings, press the *Defaults* softkey.
- **5** When you are satisfied with your selections, press the *Close Panel*.... softkey to enter your selections and close the setup panel.

## 2

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**Designing Specification Sets** 

## **Designing Specification Sets**

#### What is a specification set?

Specification sets are files that program the passive component test application to perform a measurement. Each specification set defines one test. Specification sets are comma-separated-value (CSV) ASCII files that you can write using any text editor or spreadsheet program. The file name must comply with the MS-DOS 8.3 file name convention, a maximum of 8 characters, and the file name extension must be .*csv*.

#### How can I write specification sets?

You can use any ASCII editor to create your specification sets. See "Using an ASCII Editor" on page 2-20 for more information.

You can also simplify the writing of specification sets by using an Excel template. See "Excel Template Wizard for the PCT Application" on page 2-3 for more information.

If you use a spreadsheet program to develop your specification sets, configure the spreadsheet to automatically insert the commas for you when you save your file.

To learn the details about each specification set keyword, refer to Chapter 3, "Keyword Reference".

## Excel Template Wizard for the PCT Application

### Using an Excel Template

Writing specification sets can be simplified by using the Microsoft® Excel template. The Excel template wizard can be downloaded from the web at http://www.tmo.hp.com/tmo/software/English/osa\_pct\_wizard.html. The template features a pull-down menu and setup wizard to automate the generation of specification sets.

### Installing the PCT Wizard

The Microsoft® Excel spreadsheet wizard, *pct\_wizard.xlt*, contains a powerful macro that prompts you for measurement statements and builds a valid specification set file for your measurement.

Before using the template for the first time, make a backup copy and store it in a safe place. When working with the template in Excel, use the *Save CSV* button to prevent writing over the original, unmodified template. To prevent modifying the original template, on the File menu do *not* select Save.

#### To download and install the wizard

The PCT Wizard download is for Microsoft Windows systems only. To download the PCT Wizard:

- 1 Create a folder *c:\osa\pct\* on your local PC.
- 2 On the web, go to http://www.agilent-tech.com then click on Products, Test & Measurement, Fiber Optic Test Equipment, Optical Spectrum Analyzers, Agilent 86140A Optical Spectrum Analyzers, Agilent 86140A Technical Support, and then Agilent 86140A Series OSA Passive Component Test Application (under Software Patches & Drivers).
- **3** Download and save the *pct\_wizard.exe* to the *c:\osa\pct* directory. This is a self extracting archive.

**4** To extract the files, from Windows Explorer, double-click on *pct\_wizard.exe*. Four files are extracted:

readme.txt	A text file of the instructions shown on this web page.
$pct\_wizard.xlt$	The Excel Wizard used to write specification sets.
$pct\_wizard.dll$	The driver file required to run the PCT Wizard.
pct_help.pdf	Instructions for using the PCT Wizard and a brief tutorial. This file can be viewed and printed using Adobe Acrobat. If you do not have Adobe Acrobat Reader necessary for viewing PDF documentation, download your free Acrobat Reader now. (Button)

- 5 Move the *pct\_wizard.dll* to the *c:\windows\system* directory.
- 6 Make a backup copy of *pct\_wizard.xlt* and store it in a safe place.

To view the help file

#### Note

You must have Adobe Acrobat reader installed.

To view the help file and tutorial, from Windows Explorer, double click on  $pct\_help.pdf$ .

#### To start the PCT Wizard

#### Note

You must have Microsoft Excel installed.

To open Excel and start the Wizard, from Windows Explorer, double-click on  $pct\_wizard.xlt$ .

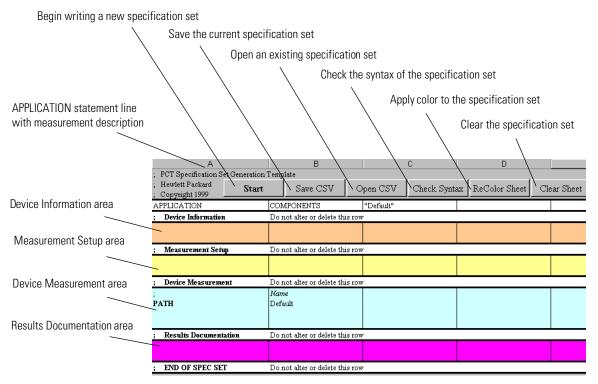
#### CAUTION

Never save your work from the file menu. This creates a modified template file which generates an improper specification set (CSV) file that will not run in the Passive Component Test application. **Always click the** *Save CSV* button to save your specification set.

#### To remove the PCT Wizard from your PC

- 1 To remove all files and the PCT Wizard from your PC, delete the folder *c:\osa\pct* and all its contents.
- 2 Delete the file *pct\_wizard.dll* from the *c:\windows\system* directory.

## The PCT Wizard at a Glance



#### The spreadsheet template

#### Device Information area

This section is used to enter information about the device, such as the identification and comments. The ID and COMMENT statements allow you to specify the device you are testing and to label the test. Both of these values will be shown on the instrument screen. Each time a device is tested, the user can be prompted to enter the device's serial number.

	Designing Specification Sets Excel Template Wizard for the PCT Application				
Measurement Setup area	This section is used to enter measurement setup information, such as the res- olution, span, center wavelength and sensitivity. This area will contain the required NORMALIZE and SETUP keywords and the optional STIMULUS keyword to set up the optical spectrum analyzer for measurement.				
	The SETUP statement configures the settings of the optical spectrum analyzer. Only one SETUP statement should be used. The NORMALIZE keyword performs a trace normalization. The STIMULUS statement is used to specify the internal or external broadband light source of the instrument.				
Device Measurement area	This section us used to enter the test sequence and specification limits, such as, center wavelength and insertion loss. This area of the spreadsheet will contain the required PATH keyword, and the keywords and parameters for the chosen measurements.				
	For a full list of keywords and parameters, refer to Chapter 3, "Keyword Reference".				
Results Documentation	Use this area to specify where and how the measurement results are stored and printed.				
area	Use PRINT_SETUP to determine whether the summary is printed to the internal or external printer, and whether to print the results table or both the table and the graphics.				
	STORE_SETUP is used to determine what results information is saved to the floppy disk.				
	To begin the specification set				
	Every specification set begins with a required APPLICATION statement which identifies the specification set with the passive component test application. It also provides an identification string which is displayed when the file is cataloged. You must edit this string manually in cell C4.				
	CAUTION				
	Do not modify or delete title rows, such as the "Device Information" row. If these rows are deleted, the PCT Wizard will not run properly.				
	After entering the identification string, you can create the specification set				

After entering the identification string, you can create the specification set using the PCT Automation wizard.

All specification sets also require entries for SETUP, NORMALIZE, and PATH keywords. A default path is created whenever the *Clear Sheet* button is pressed. These will be entered using the wizard. Other keywords are optional. For a full list of keywords and parameters, refer to Chapter 3, "Keyword Reference".

#### Using the PCT Wizard

1 Click the *Start* button to display the PCT Automation dialog box.



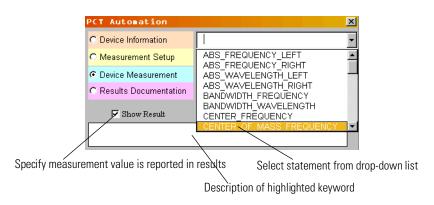
#### PCT Automation dialog box

2 There are four types of specification set statements: Device Information, Measurement Setup, Device Measurement, and Results Documentation. For a complete description of these statements refer to "Filling in the Device Information area" on page 2-10, "Filling in the Measurement Setup area" on page 2-12, "Filling in the Device Measurement area" on page 2-14, "Filling in the Results Documentation area" on page 2-16, and Chapter 3, "Keyword Reference".

For each type of specification set statement, click the radio button next to the statement in the dialog box, then use the menu at the right to select a keyword. Enter the required information, then click OK to go on to the next item or to return to the first dialog box.

The *Undo Last Insert* button allows you to delete the last entry made. If you need to modify any other entry, close the wizard and then edit the spreadsheet cell directly.

# Designing Specification Sets Excel Template Wizard for the PCT Application



- **3** When finished, click the *Exit* button to close the PCT Automation dialog box. Any modifications necessary to the spreadsheet entries may be made directly to the spreadsheet cells after the dialog box is closed.
- **4** To save the specification set, click the *Save CVS* button. On the File menu, do *not* select the Save command. If you do the specification set will *not* be saved properly.

Name of specification set listed in the "Load Spec Set" file listing of the passive component test application В PCT Specification Set Generation Template Hewlett Packard Start Save CSV Open CSV Check Syntax Re Required statement identifying Copyright 1999 application to run specification set APPLICATION COMPONENTS "Default" Do not alter or delete this row **Device Information** One of two optional statements for Enter additional text during test? Comments COMMENT "Filter Test" ENTER identifying the device being tested Measurement Setup Do not alter or delete this row Source STIMULUS INTERNAL\_BBLS Required NORMALIZE and SETUP Minimum Power Range Maximum Power Range Interva. statements NORMALIZE -20 dBm -45 dBm 4 h Start Wavelength Stop Wavelength Trace F SETUP 1520 nm 1560 nm DEFAU **Device Measurement** Do not alter or delete this row Instructions for performing Name PATH measurements Port1 Instructions INSTRUCTION "CLEAN connectors\nConnect light source to common port\nconn Name Minimum Spec Maxim PEAK WAVELENGTH Max\_WL 1520 nm 1560 ni Variable name for measured value Name Minimum Spec Maxim listed in the measurement results MARKER\_LOSS 0 dB 10 dB Insertion\_Loss **Results Documentation** Do not alter or delete this row Printout Style Measurement results sent to the PRINT SETUP TABLE internal printer PRINT ; END OF SPEC SET Do not alter or delete this row

Example of a specification set

## Tutorial

In this tutorial you will create a specification set for measuring the peak wavelength of a WDM filter. The passband of the filter is from 1540 nm to 1560 nm.

#### To start the PCT Wizard

- 1 To open Excel and start the Wizard, from Windows Explorer, double-click on  $pct\_wizard.xlt$ .
- 2 Click the *Start* button.

#### Filling in the Device Information area

#### To enter comments

1~ In the PCT Automation dialog box, click on the drop-down list and select COMMENT.

PCT Automation					×
Device Information					-
C Measurement Setup		1ENT			
C Device Measurement		Undo I	Last Insert		
C Results Documentation				-	
🗹 Show Result		]	Exit		

2 In the Comments dialog box text box, type PCT Test Program and then click *Ok*.

Comments	×
PCT Test Program	O Name
FCT Test Flogrand	O mm
	O dB
	C dBm
Ok	O kHz
	$\mathbf{C}$ GHz
	O THz
	C Hours

**3** In the Enter Additional Text During Test dialog box select the None option button and then click Ok.

Enter addi	tional text	during	test	?	×
;None			_	O Name	
,INOILE			_	O mm	
	C ENTER			$\mathbf{O}$ dB	
	• INone			$\mathbf{O}$ dBm	
Ok	, <u>, , 14 0116 )</u>			$\mathbf{C}$ kHz	
				${f O}$ GHz	
				O THz	
				C Hours	

### To enter the device id

4~ In the PCT Automation dialog box on the drop-down list select ID.

 $\mathbf{5}~$  In the Serial Number dialog box text box type, HB001 and click Ok.

Serial Number	×
HB001	C Name
	C nm
	C dB
	C dBm
Ok	C kHz
	C GHz
	C THz
	C Hours

6 In the Enter Additional Text During Test? dialog box, click Ok to select the default text.

Enter addi	tional text	during (	test?	×
ENTER			O Name	
			O nm	
	• ENTER		O dB	
	O ;None		O dBm	
Ok	, ivone		O kHz	
			C GHz	
			O THz	
			- O Hours	

#### Note

The default text of "ENTER" will cause the Optical Spectrum Analyzer to prompt the user to input a device ID number

## Filling in the Measurement Setup area

### 

- 1 In the PCT Automation dialog box, select the Measurement Setup option button.
- $2\,$  In the PCT Automation dialog box select NORMALIZE on the drop-down list.

x
•
NORMALIZE
STIMULUS
Exit

- 3 In the Minimum Power Range dialog box enter -40 in the text box. Click *Ok*.
- 4 In the Maximum Power Range dialog box enter 0 in the text box. Click Ok.
- **5** To set the time between normalizations to two hours, in the Interval between normalizations dialog box enter **2**. Click *Ok*.

#### To enter the setup information

- 1 In the PCT Automation dialog box, select SETUP on the drop-down list.
- 2 In the Start Wavelength dialog box, type 1540. Click Ok.
- **3** In the Stop Wavelength dialog box, type 1560. Click *Ok*.
- **4** In the Trace Points dialog box, type 1001. Click *Ok*.
- 5 In the Averages dialog box, type 1. Click Ok.
- **6** In the Resolution Bandwidth dialog box select the 0.1 nm option button. Click *Ok*.
- 7 In the Reference Level dialog box, type 0. Click Ok.
- 8 In the Scale (dB per division optional) dialog box, type 10. Click Ok.
- **9** In the Sensitivity dialog box type, -85. Click Ok.
- **10** In the Video Bandwidth (3kHz max...) dialog box click *Ok* to keep the DEFAULT text.
- 11 In the PCT Automation dialog box select STIMULUS on the drop-down list.
- 12 In the Stimulus dialog box click *Ok* to keep the INTERNAL\_BBLS text.

## Filling in the Device Measurement area

- 1 In the PCT Automation dialog box select the Device Measurement option button.
- 2~ In the PCT Automation dialog box select PEAK\_WAVELENGTH from the drop-down list.

#### Note

Use the front-panel up and down arrow keys to cycle through the list of keywords and display a description of the highlighted keyword.

PCT Automation	×
C Device Information	↓
C Measurement Setup	MARKER_LOSS
Oevice Measurement	MIN
C Results Documentation	PATH PEAK FREQUENCY
	PEAK WAVELENGTH
Show Result	

 ${\bf 3}$  In the Name dialog box type  ${\tt Pk\_Wl}$  . Click  ${\it Ok}$ 



#### Note

The name you just entered, Pk\_WI, is now a variable name you can reference later.

- 4 In the Minimum Spec dialog box, type 1545 . Make sure the nm option button is selected. Click Ok.
- 5 In the Maximum Spec dialog box, type 1555. Click Ok.
- 6 In the Search From dialog box, type 1540. Click Ok.
- 7 In the Search To dialog box, type 1560. Click Ok.
- ${\bf 8}~$  In the PCT Automation dialog box select BANDWIDTH\_WAVELENGTH on the drop-down list.

PCT Automation		×
C Device Information		•
C Measurement Setup	ABS_FREQUENCY_LEFT ABS_FREQUENCY_RIGHT	•
Oevice Measurement	ABS_WAVELENGTH_LEFT	
C Results Documentation	ABS_WAVELENGTH_RIGHT BANDWIDTH FREQUENCY	
☑ Show Result	BANDWIDTH WAVELENGTH CENTER_FREQUENCY CENTER_OF_MASS_FREQUENCY	-

9 In the Name dialog box type BW\_3dB. Click Ok.

#### Note

The name you just entered, BW\_3dB, is now a variable name you can reference later.

- 10 In the Minimum Spec dialog box type 0.1. Click Ok.
- 11 In the Maximum Spec dialog box type 2. Click Ok.
- 12 In the Reference Point dialog box type, Pk\_Wl. Select the Name option button. Click *Ok*.

Reference Point	×
Pk_Wl	• Name
	🔿 nm
	O dB
	O dBm
Ok	O kHz
	$\mathbf{C}$ GHz
	O THz
	C Hours

#### Note

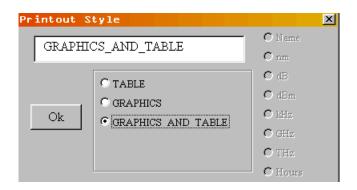
This command uses the variable  $Pk_Wl$  you defined in Step 3 as its reference point. For this reason it is necessary to click on the Name bullet and not the nm option button. If an actual known wavelength value is entered, leave the nm option button selected.

**13** In the Excursion dialog box, type -3. Click *Ok*.

### Filling in the Results Documentation area

#### To select the information to be printed

- 1 In the PCT Automation dialog box select the Results Documentation option button.
- 2 In the PCT Automation dialog box select PRINT\_SETUP from the drop-down list.
- **3** In the Printout Style dialog box select the GRAPHICS AND TABLE option button. Click Ok.



### To select the printer

1 In the Printer dialog box click  $\partial k$  to select the default text, INTERNAL.

Printer		×
INTERNA	AL	O Name O nm
	• INTERNAL	 O dB O dBm
Ok	C EXTERNAL	$\mathbf{C}$ kHz
		O GHz O THz
		 O Hours

- ${f 2}$  In the PCT Automation dialog box select PRINT on the drop-down list.
- ${f 3}$  In the PCT Automation dialog box, click on the Exit button

Saving your specification set

1 Use the slide bar to go to the top of the template. Click on the *Save CSV* button.

#### CAUTION

**Always click the** *Save CSV* **button to save your specification set.** If you save your work from the File menu an Excel spreadsheet file (\*.*xls*) will be saved. Although you can modify or change this spreadsheet file in the furure.an Excel spreadsheet file will *not* run in the Passive Component Test application. To create a file that *will* run in the Passive Component Test application click on the *Save CSV* button.

**2** Enter the file name and directory of your choice. Note that to port the specification set to the OSA it must be saved on a floppy disk in the root directory.

Save Spe	c Set	as CS	V File					?
Save in:	🚽 31⁄2 Flo	ppy (A:)		•	<b>1</b>	8-0- 8-8- 8-8-	II 🗾	
								<u>S</u> ave
								Cancel
File <u>n</u> ame:	my_test				-			
Save as type:		(t (*.csv)						
55.0 35 <u>G</u> po.	1007107							

## CAUTION

When you close the PCT template, Excel will ask you "Do you want to save the changes you made to 'PCT Template, v1.11'?" **Always answer "NO" to this question.** If you answer "YES" the original PCT Template will be changed. If you want to save your work as an Excel spreadsheet template enter a new filename, such as *my\_test.xls*.

A picture of the completed specification sheet is shown on the following page.

	; Results Documentation	LENGTH	PAIH ; peak wayne ength		; Device Measurement	STIMULUS	; SETUP		; Measurement Setup	<b>₽</b>	; COMMENT	; Device Information		; FC1 Spectromation Set Ceneration 1 empiate ; Hewlett Packard Start ; Copyright 1999	TOT OF LEAST OF A LONG TO
Printeet Style Printeet GRAPHICS_AND_TABLE INTERNAL	Do not alter or delete this row	Mame BW_3dB	Default Name Pf- VM71	Mame	Do not alter or delete this row	Source INTERNAL_BBLS	Start Wavelength 1540 nm	Minimum Power Range -40 dBm	Do not alter or delete this row	Serial Number "HB001"	Comments "PCT Test Program"	Do not alter or delete this row	COMPONENTS	Save CSV	-
Printer INTERNAL		Minimum Spec 0.1 nm	Mirimum Spec		9W7		Stop Wavelength 1560 nm	Maximum Power Range Interval between normalizations 0 dBm 2 h	WC	Enter additional text during test? ENTER	Enter additional text during test?	WC.	"Default"	Open CSV Check	
		ı Spec	Maximum Spec				Trace Points 1001	Interval between no 2 h		ring test?	ring test?			Check Syntax ReColor Sheet	
		e Point	Search From 1540 pm				Averages 1	ormalizations						1	
		-3 dB	Search To 1560 nm				Resolution Bandwidth Reference Level Scale (dB per Dy Sensitivity           0.1 nm         0 dBm         10 dB         -85 dBm							Clear Sheet	
							Reference Level 0 dBm								
							Scale (dB per Div 10 dB								
							Vide DEF								

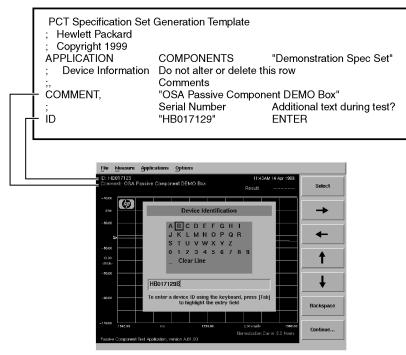
## Using an ASCII Editor

There are four types of specification set keywords: System Commands, Measurement Setup, Device Measurement, and Results Documentation. All specification sets require the APPLICATION, SETUP, NORMALIZE, and PATH keywords.

Every specification set begins with the APPLICATION keyword which identifies the specification set with the passive component test application. It also provides a label that will be displayed when the specifications set is cataloged by the passive component test application. Try to make the label descriptive of the test or device that you are measuring.

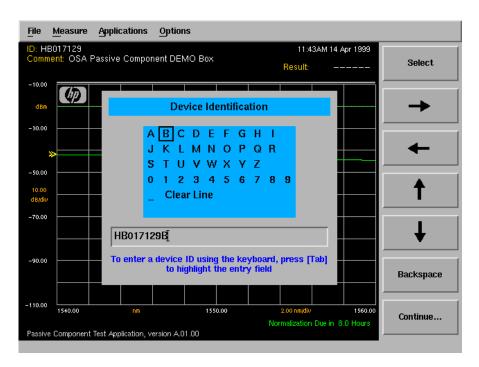
After the APPLICATION keyword, use the optional ID and COMMENT keywords to label the test and device being tested. The entered strings appear on the instrument's display as shown in Example 2-1. Add the STIMULUS keyword to select the broadband light source. Next, use the SETUP and NORMALIZE keywords to configure the instrument's settings and perform a trace normalization, see Example 2-3 on page 2-26.

Follow the PATH keyword with any keywords that are required for your measurement, followed by keywords to print or store the measurement results. Only one SETUP keyword should be used. If additional SETUP keywords are included, only the last keyword is used. Use the SWEEP and ZOOM commands to sweep a subset of the wavelength range and zoom to the screen.



Example 2-1.

# Designing Specification Sets Using an ASCII Editor



Keywords, such as PEAK\_WAVELENGTH for example, must use all uppercase letters. Comments are preceded by a semicolon (;) character. Everything after a semicolon on a line is ignored. You can also insert blank lines to make your files easier to read. Keywords can be separated by either spaces or a comma (,) character. Notice that no flow control keywords, such as branching or looping, are provided.

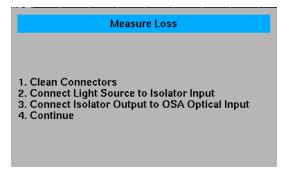
#### Measurement paths require a PATH keyword

Include the PATH keyword before any group of measurement keywords listed for a specific measurement path. Devices with multiple paths, such as WDM multiplexers, require one PATH keyword for each path. Example 2-3 on page 2-26 has one PATH keyword. Example 2-2 on page 2-23 has two PATH keywords, one for device loss and one for device isolation. All measurement keywords between two PATH keywords apply to the first PATH keyword. Each PATH is measured in the order listed in the specification file. The *name* specified for each PATH appears in the final result table and on the *Measure* softkey.

	Name			
PATH	Loss			
	Instructions			
INSTRUCTION	1. Clean Connectors\n2.	Connect Light Source to Isola	ator Input\n3. Connect Is	olator Output to OSA Optical Input\n4. Continue
	Name	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at
MARKER_LOSS	Insertion_Loss_1525	DEFAULT	4 dB	1525 nm
	Name	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at
MARKER_LOSS	Insertion_Loss_1550	DEFAULT	4 dB	1550 nm
	Name	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at
MARKER_LOSS	Insertion_Loss_1620	DEFAULT	5 dB	1620 nm
;	Start Wavelength (nm)	Stop Wavelength (nm)	Reference Level	Scale (dB per Div - optional)
ZOOM	1525 nm	1620 nm	0 dB	2 dB
	Name			
PATH	Isolation			
	Instructions			
INSTRUCTION	1. Clean Connectors\n2.	Connect Light Source to Isola	ator Output\n3. Connect	Isolator Input to OSA Optical Input\n4. Continue
	Name	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at
MARKER_LOSS	Isolation_1525	20 dB	DEFAULT	1525 nm
	Name	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at
MARKER_LOSS	Isolation_1550	35 dB	DEFAULT	1550 nm
	Name	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at
MARKER_LOSS	Isolation_1620	25 dB	DEFAULT	1620 nm
	Name			
;		Chan Mayalanath (am)	Reference Level	Scale (dB per Div - optional)
	Start Wavelength (nm) 1525 nm	Stop Wavelength (nm) 1620 nm	-20 dB	10 dB

Notice the use of the INSTRUCTION keyword to convey instructions to the user. Each PATH can have one or more INSTRUCTION keywords. The dialog boxes are displayed in the order of the INSTRUCTION keywords. If no INSTRUCTION keyword is given for a particular PATH, a default instruction prompt is displayed. The measurement pauses until the *Continue* softkey is clicked. In the displayed string, use the escape sequence \n to enter a newline character and force a line break.

Pressing the *Measure DUT* softkey brings up an instruction panel.



When the measurement is complete, the results can be viewed both graphically and in table form, as shown in Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2.

# Designing Specification Sets Using an ASCII Editor

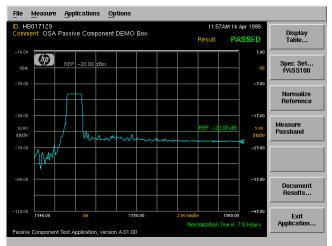


Figure 2-1. Measurement results displayed graphically.

			sult: PASSED	UP
Parameter	Actual	Spec Min	Spec Max	Page
Passband			Z	T DOŴN
Peak_WL	1543.363 nm	1540.000	1560.000	
Insertion_Loss	8.18 dB		10.00	
BandWidth_3dB	1.514 nm	0.500	1.700	
BandWidth_6dB	1.586 nm	0.500	1.700	
BandWidth_10dB	1.746 nm	0.500	2.000	
XTalk	14.59 dB	12.00		
				A

Figure 2-2. Measurement results displayed in tabular format.

#### Use variables to identify measured values

The first parameter for most measurement keywords is a variable name. Variables are automatically initialized and allocated the first time that they are assigned a value by the application. Variables "hold" the measured value for the keyword. Variable values and names are displayed in the measurement results table. To prevent a variable from being displayed in the measurement results table, begin the corresponding keyword line with a pound sign (#) character.

The following PEAK\_WAVELENGTH keyword defines the variable Peak\_wavelength. Notice that the MARKER\_LEVEL keyword uses Peak\_wavelength, which is measured in the previous step, to define the wavelength for placing the marker.

PEAK\_WAVELENGTH,Peak\_wavelength,1545 nm,1555 nm,DEFAULT,DEFAULT MARKER\_LEVEL,Peak\_power,-3 dB,3 dB,Peak\_wavelength

Variable names can include both upper and lowercase letters but cannot include spaces; use the underscore character (\_) instead. The first character of a variable must be a letter. Only the first 32 characters of the variable *name* are significant. For names to be considered different, the first 32 characters must not be identical.

#### Results documentation area

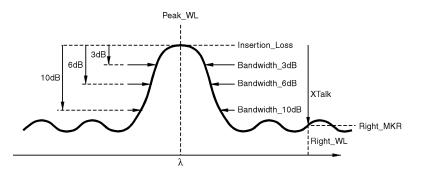
Use this area to specify where and how the measurement results are stored and printed.

Use PRINT\_SETUP to determine whether the summary is printed to the internal or external printer and whether to print the results table or both the table and graphics.

STORE\_SETUP is used in a similar way to determine what results information is saved to the floppy disk.

	Resolution Bandwidth (optional) 0.1 nm	) t) pptional) pptional) t) t)	0
		- optional) - optional) DEFAULT cation is not point) Excursion (Optional) -3 dB Excursion (Optional) -6 dB Excursion (Optional) -10 dB cation is not point) 2 mm cation is not point)	Second Value Right_MKR - optional)
	urs Averages (optional) 1000	Optical Inputhat. Continue Scale (dB per Div - optional) From (Optional) DEFAULT DEFAULT At (interpolate if location is not point) Peak. WL Reference Point Excursion (Op Peak. WL - 6 dB Reference Point Excursion (Op Peak. WL - 6 dB Reference Point Excursion (Op Peak. WL - 6 dB Reference Point Excursion (Op Peak. WL Peak. WL Reference Point -10 dB Reference Point -10 dB Reference Point -10 dB Reference Point -10 dB Reference Point -2 dB At (interpolate if location is not point) Reak. WL Reak. WL - 2 mm Reference Point -2 mm	Right_WL First Value Secor Center_MKR Right Scale (dB per Div - optional) 5 dB
	oratic al)	<ol> <li>Connect Passband to OSA Reference Level (optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) 1560 nm</li> <li>Maximum Spec (Optional) 10.0 dB Maximum Spec (Optional) 1.7 nm</li> <li>Maximum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) DEFAULT</li> <li>DEFAULT</li> <li>DEFAULT</li> <li>DEFAULT</li> <li>Maximum Spec (Optional)</li> </ol>	DEFAULT Maximum Spec (Optional) DEFAULT Reference Level (optional) -20 dB
Demonstration Spec Set b Box Additional text during test? ENTER	SETUP and CALIBRATE are mandatory keywords. Maximum Power Range interval between calli -33 dBm Bh Trace Points (options Stop Wavelength Trace Points (options 1560 nm	t Light Source to Device Input/ Stop Wavelength (mm) Minimum Spec (Optional) 1540 nm 1540 nm 1540 nm DEFAULT Minimum Spec (Optional) 6 nm Minimum Spec (Optional) 6 nm Minimum Spec (Optional) DEFAULT DEFAULT Minimum Spec (Optional) DEFAULT Minimum Spec (Optional)	DEFAULT Minimum Spec (Optional) 12 dB Stop Wavelength (nm) 1560 nm
ation Template COMPONENTS Do not atter or delete this row Comments OSA Passive Component DEMO Box Serial Number HB017129 EN	Do not alter or delete this row. Minimum Power Range 43 dBm Start Wavelength 1540 nm Source Source INTERNAL_BBLS	Do not alter or delete this row Name Passband Instructions 1. Clean Connectorsh.2. Connect Light Source to Device Inputh.3. Connect Passband to OSA Optical Inputh.4. Continue Start Wavelength (mm) Reference Level (optional) From (Optional) To Name Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) Term (Optional) To From (Optional) To DEFAULT Minimum Spec (Optional) 1560 nm Spec (Optional) Term (Optional) To Insertion_Loss Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) Reference Point E: BandWith_3dB Minimum Spec (Optional) Reference Point E: Minimum Spec (Optional) Naminum Spec (Optional) Reference Point E: BandWith_10dB Minimum Spec (Optional) Reference Point E: Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) Reference Point E: Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) Reference Point E: BandWith_10dB Minimum Spec (Optional) Reference Point E: Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) Reference Point E: Peak_WL MI Peak_WL MI Minimum Spec (Optional) Peak_WL 2 Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) At (interpolate if location Maximum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) At (interpolate if location Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) At (interpolate if location Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) At (interpolate if location Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) At (interpolate if location Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) At (interpolate if location Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) At (interpolate if location Minimum Spec (Optional) Maximum Spec (Optional) At (interpola	Right_MKR Name XTalk Start Wavelength (nm) 1540 nm
PCT Specification Set Generation Template Hewett Packard Copyright 1999 APPLICATION Device Information COMMENT COMMENT COMMENT Serial Numb B017129	: Measurement Setup NORMALIZE SETUP STIMULUS	Device Measurement PATH INSTRUCTION PEAK_WAVELENGTH MARKER_LOSS BANDWIDTH_WAVELENGTH BANDWIDTH_WAVELENGTH BANDWIDTH_WAVELENGTH #MARKER_LEVEL #LIN_ADD	#MARKER_LEVEL : : CoG_SUB : ZOOM

Example 2-3. Specification set for characterizing a WDM filter.



Example 2-3 on page 2-26 shows a specification set written to characterize a WDM filter. The specification set measures the insertion loss, the 3, 6, and 10 dB bandwidths, the peak wavelength and the crosstalk.

Figure 2-3 shows the results summary table for a device measured using the specification set shown in Example 2-3. The device passes the specifications in this example.

Comment: OSA Passive Comp	ionent DEMO Box	ent DEMO Box Result: PASSED			
		N8	suit FASSED	UP	
Parameter	Actual	Spec Min	Spec Max	Page	
Passband				DOŴN	
Peak_WL	1543.363 nm	1540.000	1560.000		
Insertion_Loss	8.18 dB		10.00		
BandWidth_3dB	1.514 nm	0.500	1.700		
BandWidth_6dB	1.586 nm	0.500	1.700		
BandWidth_10dB	1.746 nm	0.500	2.000		
XTalk	14.59 dB	12.00			
			2		

Figure 2-3. Results summary table for a WDM filter.

Example 2-4 on page 2-28 shows a specification set for characterizing an optical isolator. Note that it uses two paths, one for the insertion loss and one for the isolation.

2-4.	PCT Specification Set Generation Template	ation Template				
⊲ Specificat	APPLICATION Bevice Information	COMPONENTS D Do not alter or delete this row Serial Number A A1234	Default row Additional text during test? ENTER			
tion	; Measurement Setup	Do not alter or delete this row	row			
set	STIMULUS	Source INTERNAL_BBLS			Attended Attended and Attended	love l'end
for	SETUP	start wavelengtn 1525 nm	1620 nm		1 2 nm	
cha	; NORMALIZE	Minimum Power Hange -45 dBm	Maximum Power Hange 10 dBm	Interval between normalizations 8 h	alizations	
arac	Device Measurement	Do not alter or delete this row	row			
teri	PATH	Loss				
izin	INSTRUCTION	Instructions 1. Clean Connectors\n2. (	Connect Light Source to Isolato	r Input\n3. Connect Isc	istructions Clean Connectors/n2. Connect Light Source to Isolator Input/n3. Connect Isolator Output to OSA Optical Input/n4. Continue	
…∠ ga	; MARKER_LOSS	Name Insertion_Loss_1525	MINIMUM Spec	Maximum spec 4 dB	wavelength or frequency to measure power at 1525 nm	
n o		Name Incertion Loss 1550	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec 4 dB	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at	
pti		Name	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at	
za.	MARKER_LOSS	Insertion_Loss_1620	DEFAULT Ston Wavelenoth (nm)	5 dB Beference I evel	1620 nm Scale (dB ner Div - ontional)	
lis	ZOOM	Jan wavelengui (iiiii) 1525 nm	1620 nm	0 dB	2 dB	
ola		Name				
to	PATH	Isolation				
r. =	INSTRUCTION	Instructions 1. Clean Connectors\n2. (	Connect Light Source to Isolato	r Output\n3. Connect	suructions . Clean Connectors/n2. Connect Light Source to Isolator Output/n3. Connect Isolator Input to OSA Optical Input/n4. Continue	
2	; MARKER LOSS	Name Isolation 1525	Minimum Spec 20 dB	Maximum Spec DEFAULT	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at 1525 nm	
		Name	Minimum Spec	Maximum Spec	Wavelength or frequency to measure power at	
۷.	MARKER_LOSS	Isolation_1550 Name	35 dB Minimum Spec	DEFAULT Maximum Spec	1550 nm Wavelength or frequency to measure power at	
. <	MARKER_LOSS	Isolation_1620	25 dB	DEFAULT	1620 nm	
N	ZOOM	Name Start Wavelength (nm) 1525 nm	Stop Wavelength (nm) 1620 nm	Reference Level -20 dB	Scale (dB per Div - optional) 10 dB	
••	: Results Documentation	Do not alter or delete this row	row			
	PRINT SETUP	Printout Style GRAPHICS_AND_TABLE	Printer E INTERNAL			
		Store Type				
	SIUHE_SELUP	I ADLE Store Name				
55	STORE	AUTO				
••	; END OF SPEC SET	Do not alter or delete this row	row			

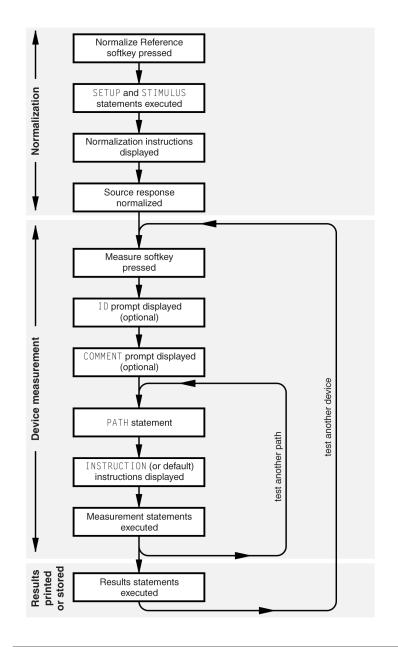
Example 2-4. Specification set for characterizing an optical isolator.

Figure 2-5 shows an example of the results summary table for an optical isolator characterized using the specification set shown in Example 2-4.

D: A1234 Comment:		Re	01:59PM 14 Apr 1999 sult: PASSED	Page
Parameter	Actual	Spec Min	Spec Max	Page
Loss				DOŴN
Insertion_Loss_1525	0.46 dB		4.00	
Insertion_Loss_1550	0.37 dB		4.00	
Insertion_Loss_1620	0.65 dB		5.00	
Isolation				
Isolation_1525	28.73 dB	20.00		
Isolation_1550	42.41 dB	35.00		
Isolation_1620	23.93 dB	20.00		
		A.I	ation Due in 7.9 Hours	Done

Figure 2-5. Measurement summary table for an isolator

## Specification Set Flowchart



flow1

3

Quick List of Keywords 3-2 Specification Set Keywords 3-4

**Keyword Reference** 

## Quick List of Keywords

### Table 3-1. List of Keywords (1 of 2)

Command	Description
SYSTEM COMMANDS	
APPLICATION, COMPONENTS	Designates the specification set for use with the passive component test application. Also identifies test in catalog.
COMMENT	Prints comment in comment section of the instrument's display.
ID	Prints an identification string in ID section of the instrument's display.
MEASUREMENT SETUP COMM	IANDS
NORMALIZE	Specifies the minimum and maximum peak power range (in dBm) for the reference signal for a valid normalization.
SETUP	Configures the optical spectrum analyzer settings.
STIMULUS	Specifies the source that is used to take a reference trace as well as the actual measurement.
MEASUREMENT COMMANDS	
ABS_FREQUENCY_LEFT	Measures the absolute frequency of a trace point.
ABS_FREQUENCY_RIGHT	Measures the absolute frequency of a trace point.
ABS_WAVELENGTH_LEFT	Measures the absolute wavelength of a trace point.
ABS_WAVELENGTH_RIGHT	Measures the absolute wavelength of a trace point.
BANDWIDTH_FREQUENCY	Calculates the bandwidth (in THz).
BANDWIDTH_WAVELENGTH	Calculates the bandwidth (in nm).
CENTER_FREQUENCY	Locates the center frequency (THz).
CENTER_OF_MASS_FREQUENCY	Calculates the mean frequency (THz) representing the center of mass.
CENTER_OF_MASS_WAVELENGTH	Calculates the mean wavelength (nm) representing the center of mass.
CENTER_WAVELENGTH	Locates the center wavelength (nm).
DELTA_FREQUENCY_LEFT	Determines the frequency separation between a measurement point and reference point.
DELTA_FREQUENCY_RIGHT	Determines the frequency separation between a measurement point and reference point.
DELTA_WAVELENGTH_LEFT	Determines the wavelength separation between a measurement point and reference point.

Command	Description
DELTA_WAVELENGTH_RIGHT	Determines the wavelength separation between a measurement point and reference point.
INSTRUCTION	Displays a prompt for the user for a measurement path.
LIN_ADD	Calculates the sum of two, or more, linear power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values.
LIN_AVG	Calculates the average of two or more values.
LIN_DIV	Calculates the ratio of two, or more, linear power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values.
LIN_MUL	Calculates the product of two, or more, linear power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values.
LIN_SUB	Calculates the difference between two, or more, linear power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values.
LOG_ADD	Calculates the sum of two, or more, logarithmic power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values.
LOG_SUB	Calculates the difference between two, or more, logarithmic power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values.
MARKER_LEVEL	Measures the power at the location specified.
MARKER_LOSS	Measures the power loss at the location specified referenced to the normalized response
MAX	Calculates the maximum of two or more values.
MIN	Calculates the minimum of two or more values.
РАТН	Specifies which set of measurement keywords should be grouped together and performed on the same trace measurement.
PEAK_FREQUENCY	Measures the frequency (THz) of the maximum power trace point in a wavelength range.
PEAK_WAVELENGTH	Measures the wavelength (nm) of the maximum power trace point in a wavelength range
PIT_FREQUENCY	Measures the frequency (THz) of the minimum power trace point in a wavelength range.
PIT_WAVELENGTH	Measures the wavelength (nm) of the minimum power trace point in a wavelength range.
SWEEP	Specifies that the following data should be taken from a partial sweep.
ZOOM	Display the trace over the specified wavelength range on the screen.
RESULTS COMMANDS	
PRINT	Prints the measurement results with the settings defined in the PRINT_SETUP keyword.
PRINT_SETUP	Configures the hardcopy output of the measurement results.
PRINT_SUMMARY	Prints the final summary of the results.
STORE, AUTO	Saves the measurement results as defined by the STORE_SETUP keyword.
STORE_SETUP	Configures the output of the measurement results that is stored on a disk in the front- panel disk drive.

### Table 3-1. List of Keywords (2 of 2)

## Specification Set Keywords

#### Convention Description < > Angle brackets indicate text strings entered by the developer. Square brackets indicate that the keyword DEFAULT can be used instead of a Γ ] value or a variable for that parameter. Refer to the actual command description for the behavior when the DEFAULT keyword is used for a parameter. Indicates a choice of one element from a list. { } Braces indicate a group of constants to select from. Each constant is separated by the | character. Indicates the variable for which you provide a descriptive name. Any letter name (Aa-Zz) followed by letters, digits (0-9) and underscore (\_). Only the first 32 characters are significant. -infinity. The parameter *spec\_min* cannot be a variable, only a constant or spec\_min DEFAULT. +infinity. The parameter *spec\_max* cannot be a variable, only a constant or spec\_max DEFAULT. from Start wavelength or frequency of trace in nm (default) or THz. Stop wavelength or frequency of trace in nm (default) or THz. to +excursion: means excursion dBs up (for example, from a pit). excursion -excursion: means excursion dBs down (for example, from a peak). ref\_pt The reference point to be used for a measurement keyword.

ABS\_FREQUENCY\_LEFT, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Measures the absolute frequency of a trace point and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in THz. The point is located *excursion* dB away from the amplitude of the reference point (*ref\_pt*). The search is made on frequencies higher than the reference. Arguments are *spec\_min* and *spec\_max*, which are absolute frequency values, or DEFAULT. The *ref\_pt* can be a constant or a variable. To return the relative frequency, refer to the DELTA keywords. If no point on the trace meets the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed, and the left endpoint (highest frequency) of the trace is returned.

ABS\_FREQUENCY\_RIGHT, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Measures the absolute frequency of a trace point and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in THz. The point is located *excursion* dB away from the amplitude of the reference point (*ref\_pt*). The search is made on frequencies lower than the reference. Arguments *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* are absolute frequency values or DEFAULT. The *ref\_pt* can be a constant or a variable. To return the relative frequency, refer to the DELTA keywords. If no point on the trace meets the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed, and the right endpoint (lowest frequency) of the trace is returned.

ABS\_WAVELENGTH\_LEFT, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Measures the absolute wavelength of a trace point and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in nm. The point is located *excursion* dB away from the amplitude of the reference point (*ref\_pt*). The search is made on wavelengths shorter than the reference. Arguments *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* are absolute wavelength values or DEFAULT. The *ref\_pt* can be a constant or a variable. To return the relative wavelength, refer to the DELTA keywords. If no point on the trace meets the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed, and the left endpoint (shortest wavelength) of the trace is returned.

#### Keyword Reference Specification Set Keywords

ABS\_WAVELENGTH\_RIGHT, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Measures the absolute wavelength of a trace point and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in nm. The point is located *excursion* dB away from the amplitude of the reference point (*ref\_pt*). The search is made on wavelengths longer than the reference. Arguments *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* are absolute wavelength values or DEFAULT. The *ref\_pt* can be a constant or a variable. To return the relative wavelength, refer to the DELTA keywords. If no point on the trace meets the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed, and the right endpoint (longest wavelength) of the trace is returned.

APPLICATION, COMPONENTS, "label string"

Designates the specification set for use with the passive component test application. This keyword must be the first keyword in the specification set. The label string is used as a description when cataloging the imported specification sets in the instrument.

#### BANDWIDTH\_FREQUENCY, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Calculates the bandwidth (in THz) and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in THz. The bandwidth is determined *excursion* dB to the left and to the right of the reference point. Negative excursion values specify a lower amplitude from the reference point, and positive excursion values specify a higher amplitude. If either the left or right trace point fails to meet the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed. If the left trace point fails, the left endpoint is used for the bandwidth calculation.

BANDWIDTH\_WAVELENGTH, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Calculates the bandwidth (in nm) and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in nm. The bandwidth is determined *excursion* dB to the left and to the right of the reference point. Negative excursion values specify a lower amplitude from the reference point, and positive excursion values specify a higher amplitude. If either the left or right trace point fails to meet the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed. If the left trace point fails, the left endpoint is used for the bandwidth calculation. If the right trace point fails, the right endpoint is used for the bandwidth calculation.

CENTER_FREQUENCY,	name, [spec_min], [spec_max], ref, [excursion] Locates the center frequency (THz) and loads the value into the <i>name</i> vari- able. The value returned by this function is in THz. It represents the mean value of the two frequencies found <i>excursion</i> dB down (for negative excur- sion value) or up (for positive excursion value) to the left and right of the ref- erence point. The reference parameter can be a variable or a constant. If either the left or right trace point fails to meet the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed. If the left trace point fails, the left end- point is used for the bandwidth calculation. If the right trace point fails, the right endpoint is used for the bandwidth calculation.
CENTER_OF_MASS_FRE	QUENCY, name, [spec_min], [spec_max], [from], [to]
	Calculates the mean frequency (THz) and loads the value into the <i>name</i> variable. The value returned by this function is in THz. The mean value represents the center of mass of the trace over the range $from-to$ .
CENTER_OF_MASS_WAV	ELENGTH, name, [spec_min], [spec_max], [from], [to]
	Calculates the mean wavelength (nm) and loads the value into the <i>name</i> variable. The value returned by this function is in nm. The mean value represents the center of mass of the trace over the range <i>from-to</i> .
CENTER_WAVELENGTH,	<pre>name, [spec_min], [spec_max], ref, [excursion]</pre>
	Locates the center wavelength (nm) and loads the value into the <i>name</i> variable. The value returned by this function is in nm. It represents the mean value of the two wavelengths found <i>excursion</i> dB down (for negative excursion value) or up (for positive excursion value) to the left and right of the reference point. The reference parameter can be a variable or a constant. If either the left or right trace point fails to meet the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed. If the left trace point fails, the left endpoint is used for the bandwidth calculation. If the right trace point fails, the right endpoint is used for the bandwidth calculation.
COMMENT, " <any td="" tex<=""><td></td></any>	
	Allows the application user to enter a comment for the device being tested.

Allows the application user to enter a comment for the device being tested. The optional ENTER parameter causes a dialog box to appear before the measurement of the first path, prompting the operator to enter a comment. The maximum number of characters that can be displayed on the screen is 56.

#### Keyword Reference Specification Set Keywords

DELTA\_FREQUENCY\_LEFT, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Determines the frequency separation between a measurement point and reference point and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in THz. The measurement point is located *excursion* dB away from the amplitude of the reference point ( $ref_pt$ ). The search is made on frequencies higher than the reference. The value of the frequency returned is positive. Arguments *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* are absolute frequency values or DEFAULT. The  $ref_pt$  can be a constant or a variable. To return the absolute frequency, refer to the ABS keywords. If no point on the trace meets the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed, and the separation between the left endpoint of the trace and the reference point is returned.

DELTA\_FREQUENCY\_RIGHT, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Determines the frequency separation between a measurement point and reference point and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in THz. The measurement point is located *excursion* dB away from the amplitude of the reference point ( $ref_pt$ ). The search is made on frequencies lower than the reference. The value of the frequency returned is negative. Arguments *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* are absolute frequency values or DEFAULT. The *ref\_pt* can be a constant or a variable. To return the absolute frequency, refer to the ABS keywords. If no point on the trace meets the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed, and the right endpoint of the trace is returned.

DELTA\_WAVELENGTH\_LEFT, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Determines the wavelength separation between a measurement point and reference point and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in nm. The measurement point is located *excursion* dB away from the amplitude of the reference point ( $ref_pt$ ). The search is made on wavelengths shorter than the reference. The value of the wavelength returned is negative. Arguments *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* are absolute wavelength values or DEFAULT. The *ref\_pt* can be a constant or a variable. To return the absolute wavelength, refer to the ABS keywords. If no point on the trace meets the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed, and the left endpoint of the trace is returned. DELTA\_WAVELENGTH\_RIGHT, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt, [excursion]

Determines the wavelength separation between a measurement point and reference point and loads the value into the *name* variable. The value returned by this function is in nm. The measurement point is located *excursion* dB away from the amplitude of the reference point ( $ref_pt$ ). The search is made on wavelengths longer than the reference. The value of the wavelength returned is positive. Arguments *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* are absolute wavelength values or DEFAULT. The *ref\_pt* can be a constant or a variable. To return the absolute wavelength, refer to the ABS keywords. If no point on the trace meets the excursion criterion, the keyword is considered to have failed, and the left endpoint of the trace is returned.

ID, "<serial number>", ENTER

Allows the application user to enter an identification number for the device being tested. The optional ENTER parameter causes a dialog box to appear before the measurement of the first path, prompting the operator to enter the identification number. The ID keyword is not required in a specification set.

INSTRUCTION, "<prompt string>"

Displays a prompt for the user in a dialog box. Each PATH can have one or more INSTRUCTION keywords. The dialog boxes are displayed in the order of the INSTRUCTION keywords. If no INSTRUCTION keyword is given for a particular PATH, a default instruction prompt is displayed. The measurement pauses until the *Continue* softkey is clicked.

Use the escape sequence \n to enter a newline character and force a line break. Use the escape sequence \" to enter a double quote character.

LIN\_ADD, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], value1, value2, ... , valueN

Calculates the sum of two or more linear power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values. The value returned by this function is in nm, THz, or dB, depending on the inputs. The sum is loaded into the *name* variable.

LIN\_AVG, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], value1, value2, ... , valueN

Calculates the average of two or more values and loads the value into the *name* variable. The values are converted to linear and the linear average is calculated.

LIN_DIV, name, [s	<pre>spec_min], [spec_max], value1, value2,, valueN Calculates the ratio of two or more linear power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values. The value returned by this function is in nm, THz, dB, or unit- less, depending on the inputs. The ratio is loaded into the <i>name</i> variable.</pre>
LIN_MUL name, [sg	<pre>pec_min], [spec_max], value1, value2,, valueN Calculates the product of two or more linear power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values. The value returned by this function is in nm, GHz, or dB. The product is loaded into the <i>name</i> variable.</pre>
LIN_SUB, name, [s	<pre>spec_min], [spec_max], value1, value2,, valueN Calculates the difference between two or more linear power, wavelength, fre- quency, or constant values. The value returned by this function is in nm, GHz, or dB. The difference is loaded into the <i>name</i> variable.</pre>
LOG_ADD, name, [s	<pre>spec_min], [spec_max], value1, value2,, valueN Calculates the sum of two or more logarithmic power, wavelength, frequency, or constant values. The value returned by this function is in dB. The sum is loaded into the <i>name</i> variable.</pre>
LOG_SUB, name, [s	<pre>spec_min], [spec_max], value1, value2,, valueN Calculates the difference between two or more logarithmic power, wave- length, frequency, or constant values. The value returned by this function is in dB. The difference is loaded into the <i>name</i> variable.</pre>
MARKER_LEVEL, nam	<pre>me, [spec_min], [spec_max], ref_pt Measures the power at the reference point specified and loads the value into the name variable. The value returned by this function is in dB. The power (dBm) or loss (dB) is dependent on the trace at a given wavelength. The ref_pt parameter can be a wavelength, frequency, or a previously defined name. Log interpolation of the power level is used if ref_pt doesn't fall exactly</pre>

on a trace point.

MARKER\_LOSS, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], ref\_pt

Measures the power loss at the reference point specified, and loads the value into the *name* variable. Although the marker measures a negative decibel value, the returned value is positive to represent loss. The  $ref_pt$  parameter can be a wavelength, frequency, or a previously defined *name*. Log interpolation of the power level is used if  $ref_pt$  doesn't fall exactly on a trace point.

This keyword is provided as a convenience when measuring values, like insertion loss, which are typically specified with positive dB values but measured as negative dB values by the OSA.

MAX, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], value1, value2, ... , valueN

Calculates the maximum of two or more values and loads the value into the *name* variable. All the values must have the same units. The *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* parameters must be either DEFAULT or constants with the same units as the values.

MIN, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], value1, value2, ... , valueN

Calculates the minimum of two or more values and loads the value into the *name* variable. All the values must have the same units. The *spec\_min* and *spec\_max* parameters must be either DEFAULT or constants with the same units as the values.

NORMALIZE, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], [interval]

Specifies the minimum and maximum peak power range (in dBm) for the reference signal for a valid normalization. Failures cause the message "Normalization failed, clean connector and try again" to be displayed. All buttons except *Normalize Reference* are disabled. Pushing *Normalize Reference* starts the sequence again. Interval specifies the time interval between calibrations in hours. For example, 0.5h corresponds to 30 minutes. The maximum and DEFAULT value for the interval is 24 hours.

Keyword Reference **Specification Set Keywords** PATH, name Specifies which set of measurement keywords should be grouped together and performed on the same trace measurement. The *name* specified for each PATH appears in the final result table and on the *Measure* softkey. For example, a coupler would require two PATH keywords, one for each arm of the coupler. Each PATH uses its own trace. All measurement keywords between two PATH keywords apply to the first PATH keyword. Each PATH is measured in the order listed in the specification file. PEAK\_FREQUENCY, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], [from], [to] Measures the frequency (THz) of the maximum power trace point in a wavelength range. The units returned by this function are in THz. The measured value is placed in the *name* variable. PEAK\_WAVELENGTH, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], [from], [to] Measures the wavelength (nm) of the maximum power trace point in a wavelength range. The units returned by this function are in nm. The measured value is placed in the *name* variable. PIT\_FREQUENCY, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], [from], [to] Measures the frequency (THz) of the minimum power trace point in a wavelength range. The units returned by this function are in THz. The measured value is placed in the *name* variable. PIT\_WAVELENGTH, name, [spec\_min], [spec\_max], [from], [to] Measures the wavelength (nm) of the minimum power trace point in a wavelength range. The units returned by this function are in nm. The measured value is placed in the *name* variable. PRINT Prints the results with the settings defined in the PRINT\_SETUP keyword.

PRINT\_SETUP, {TABLE | GRAPHICS | GRAPHICS\_AND\_TABLE}, {INTERNAL | EXTERNAL} Configures the hardcopy output of the measurement results. Either the instrument's internal printer or an external printer can be selected. As shown in the following table, the type of data printed is also selectable. Although application users can temporarily override these selections for the current measurement, when a new device is measured the print setup resets to the values defined by the PRINT\_SETUP keyword.

Constant	Description
TABLE	Prints the measurement data in a table.
GRAPHICS	Prints the instrument's display.
GRAPHICS_AND_TABLE	Prints the measurement data in a table along with the instrument's display.
INTERNAL	Selects the instrument's internal printer.
EXTERNAL	Selects an external printer.

PRINT_SUMMARY
---------------

Prints the final summary of the results.

<pre>SETUP, start_wvl,</pre>	stop_wvl,	[pts],	[avgs],	[rbw],	[ref_lvl],	[scale],	[sens],	[vbw]
	This requ tings:	ired key	word con	nfigures	the followin	g optical s	pectrum	analyzer set-
		0	th (nm) th (nm)					

stop wavelength (nm) number of trace points number of trace averages resolution bandwidth (nm) reference level (dBm) amplitude scale (dB) sensitivity (dBm) video bandwidth (Hz) Keyword Reference Specification Set Keywords

The following line shows an example of this keyword:

SETUP 1500.00,nm,1600.00,nm,4001,1,0.10,nm,+10.00,dBm,10,dB,-90.0,dBm,100,Hz

These settings are always used when performing a normalization. PATH measurements also use these settings unless changed by the SWEEP keyword. If a parameter other than avgs is set to DEFAULT, the optical spectrum analyzer keeps its current setting. For the avgs parameter the DEFAULT keyword will set the value to 1. Otherwise, the SETUP keyword changes the setting to whatever is specified for a parameter. This behavior has the potential consequence of allowing the SWEEP keyword to change the sensitivity from the first normalization for subsequent normalizations.

For example, suppose that the instrument is currently at -70 dBm sensitivity and the SETUP keyword has DEFAULT for the sensitivity parameter. There is a SWEEP keyword with -80 dBm for sensitivity. This results in the first normalization being performed at -70 dBm sensitivity. After a path is measured which sets the instrument to -80 dBm sensitivity, subsequent normalizations will be made at -80 dBm.

There should be only one SETUP command in a specification set. Multiple SETUP commands generate a warning when the specification set is imported, but the specification set can still be imported. The settings of the last SETUP command will be the ones used by the specification set.

The start and stop wavelength values can only be constants. DEFAULT is not allowed for these values. All other parameter values must be either constants with units or the keyword DEFAULT. Variables are *not* allowed as parameters for this keyword.

#### STIMULUS, {INTERNAL\_BBLS | EXTERNAL\_BBLS}

Specifies the source that is used to take a reference trace, as well as the actual measurement.

Constant	Description
INTERNAL_BBLS	Selects the instrument's internal white-light or EELED broadband light source.
EXTERNAL_BBLS	Selects an external unmodulated broadband light source.

#### STORE, AUTO

Saves the measurement results as defined by the STORE\_SETUP keyword. A filename is automatically generated from the last 8 characters of the identification string entered using the ID keyword. The only legal characters for the filename are letters, numbers, and the underscore (\_) character. If the ID string contains any other characters, those characters will be replaced with the underscore character. If a file already exists on the disk with the same filename, the file will be overwritten. There is no prompt for overwrite.

#### STORE\_SETUP, {TABLE | GRAPHICS}

Configures the output of the measurement results that is stored on a disk in the front-panel disk drive. Although application users can temporarily override these selections for the current measurement, when a new device is measured, the storage setup resets to the values defined by the STORE\_SETUP keyword. Use the STORE, AUTO keyword to actually store the data.

Constant	Description
TABLE	Stores the measurement data in a table, as well as all of the traces used for the measurements, in comma-separated-value (CSV) format.
GRAPHICS	Stores the measurement data in a CGM graphic file.

#### SWEEP, start\_wvl, stop\_wvl, [avgs], [sens]

Specifies that the following data should be taken from a partial sweep. Normalization traces are always made using the conditions specified by SETUP. You can use this keyword to decrease measurement time by setting the instrument to sweep over a smaller wavelength range or with different trace averaging or sensitivity. The wavelength range specified here must fall within the one given in SETUP. In order to maintain integrity with the reference trace, the SWEEP function does *not* change the absolute wavelength position of trace points nor does it change the hardware reference level.

The start and stop wavelength values can only be constants. DEFAULT is not allowed for these values. All other parameter values must be either constants with units or the keyword DEFAULT for the optional parameters. Variables are not allowed as parameters for this keyword.

#### Keyword Reference Specification Set Keywords

ZOOM, start\_wvl, stop\_wvl, [ref\_lvl], [scale]

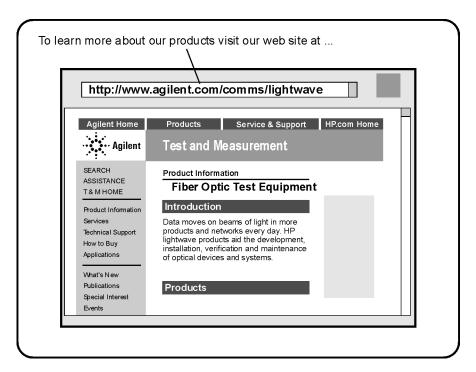
Displays the trace over the specified wavelength range on the screen. The zoom is performed after the path measurement is completed. If multiple ZOOM keywords are used for a PATH, only the last ZOOM keyword is used. Variables are not allowed as parameters for this keyword. The start and stop wavelength values can only be constants. DEFAULT is not allowed for these values. Reference level and scale values must be either constants with units or the keyword DEFAULT reference level or the scale parameters specify that those settings will not change when zooming in the display.

4

Contacting Agilent

## **Contacting Agilent**

To learn more about your optical spectrum analyzer and other lightwave optical communication test solutions, visit our Internet web site. Before returning an instrument for service, call the Agilent Technologies Instrument Support Center at (800) 403-0801, visit the Test and Measurement Web Sites by Country page at http://www.tm.agilent.com/tmo/country/English/index.html, or call one of the numbers listed below. See "Agilent Technologies Service Offices" on page 4-4 for a list of sales and service centers.



To learn more about this or any Agilent Technologies product, visit our web site at http://www.agilent.com.

To learn more about Fiber Optic Test Equipment, go to the Agilent Technologies home page listed above, and follow this path:

- $1 \ {\rm Click \ Products.}$
- 2 Click Test and Measurement.
- ${f 3}$  Under Products, click Fiber Optic Test Equipment.

This path will take you to the Fiber Optic Test Equipment page. Alternately, you can enter the URL for this page directly:

http://www.tm.agilent.com/tmo/Products/English/FiberOpticTestEquipment.html

## Agilent Technologies Service Offices

Before returning an instrument for service, call the Agilent Technologies Instrument Support Center at (800) 403-0801, visit the Test and Measurement Web Sites by Country page at http://www.tm.agilent.com/tmo/country/English/ index.html, or call one of the numbers listed below.

#### **Agilent Technologies Service Numbers**

Austria	01/25125-7171
Belgium	32-2-778.37.71
Brazil	(11) 7297-8600
China	86 10 6261 3819
Denmark	45 99 12 88
Finland	358-10-855-2360
France	01.69.82.66.66
Germany	0180/524-6330
India	080-34 35788
Italy	+39 02 9212 2701
Ireland	01 615 8222
Japan	(81)-426-56-7832
Korea	82/2-3770-0419
Mexico	(5) 258-4826
Netherlands	020-547 6463
Norway	22 73 57 59
Russia	+7-095-797-3930
Spain	(34/91) 631 1213
Sweden	08-5064 8700
Switzerland	(01) 735 7200
United Kingdom	01 344 366666
United States and Canada	(800) 403-0801